

# **Technical Information**

The following sections cover the methods and manufacturing capabilities for producing processed glass and Insulated glass units.

# **Sections**

- 1. Cutting
- 2. Edge working
- 3. Toughening
- 4. Insulated glass units
- 5. Processed glass
- 6. Screen printing
- 7. Laminating
- 8. Heat soaking
- 9. Quality

# 1. Cutting

# Glass Stock Sizes

3210mm x 2250mm

3210mm x 2550mm

3210mm x 6000mm

2140mm x 1320mm (Patterned glass)

# **Cut Size Tolerances**

| Nominal Size length (H) or<br>width (B) of glass edge | Absolute tolerance (t)<br>nominal thickness ≤12mm | Absolute tolerance (t)<br>nominal thickness ≥12mm |
|---|---|---|
| Up to 500mm   | ±2mm  | ±2mm  |
| Up to 1000mm  | ±2mm  | ±2mm  |
| Up to 2000mm  | ±2mm  | ±2.5mm  |
| Up to 3000mm  | ±2.5mm  | ±3.0mm  |
| Up to 3500mm  | ±3.0mm  | ±4.0mm  |
| Over 3500mm   | ±3.5m   | ±5mm  |

**Table 1: Cut size tolerances** 

# **Glass Squareness**

Squareness is a comparison of diagonals

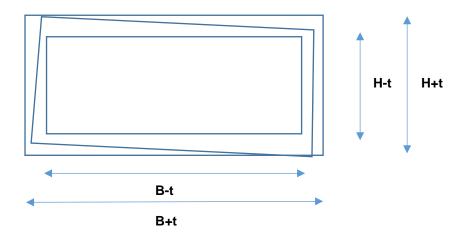
- ≤2000mm in size 4mm allowance for glass ≤12mm thick
- ≥2000mm in size 5mm allowance for glass ≥12mm thick

The dimensional deviation of the diagonals is derived by the following calculations:

Example: Pane with B x H = 1000 x 3000mm

Dimensional deviation = 3.0mm

The dimensional tolerances is thus 3.0mm



In all cases of measurement, B is always classed as width and H will always be the height.

# **Colour Variation**

All glass supplied by TuffX processed glass Ltd can be sourced from different float glass manufacturers and cannot guarantee there will be no variation in colour.

# 2. Edgework

Arrissed edge (Sharp edges removed)
Full ground edge
Full Polished edge
Full high class polished edge



## Cut-outs / notches in glass

Edge cut outs and corner cut outs must be provided with a radius (R) which is either larger than or equal to the glass thickness, but must measure in every case at least 10mm.

For cut out dimension allowances see Table 6

There are different tolerances for oversized insulated glass units which can be found in the Insulated glass units section

All cut outs either hand worked or machined are subject to specification. See Table 2 & 3 below for tolerances

| Cut Out Length | Tolerance |
|----------------|-----------|
| ≤500mm         | ±5mm      |
| ≤1000mm        | ±6mm      |

Table 2: Edge cut out tolerances, hand worked, and arrissed (See processing

| Cut Out Length | Tolerance |
|----------------|-----------|
| ≤2000mm        | ±4mm      |
| ≤3400mm        | ±4mm      |
| ≤6000mm        | ±5mm      |

Table 3: Edge cut out tolerances, CNC machining centre (See processing)

# 3. Toughened Safety Glass

All toughened glass produced at TuffX is compliant with EN12150-1 / 2 & class 1 impact tested.

#### Machine capabilities:

 Glass Thickness
 X (mm)
 Y (mm)

 4mm – 19mm
 2400
 4200

#### **Straightness**

Deviation from straightness is dependent on thickness, on the other dimensions and the aspect ratio between the sides. The deviation appears in the form of warping which is categorised into two sections: General Bow & Local Bow. See **Table 4** below for tolerances.

| Limitation of general and local bow On the basis of specifications in |                 |                            |   |   |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| Тур   | oe of Glass     | Glass<br>Thickness<br>(mm) | Limitation r<br>General Bow<br>(MM per M) | elated to:<br>Local Bow<br>(MM per 300mm) |
| TSG made  | Float Glass     | 4 – 19                     | 3   | 0.5                                       |
| from  | Patterned Glass | 4 – 10                     | 4   | 0.6                                       |

Table 4: Limitations of general and local bow on the basis of specifications in EN12150 Part 1

As detailed in the table, local bow is a reaction that occurs over a small area of glass and general bow is virtually end to end of the pane.

### **Horizontal Toughening**

During the toughening process the glass is in contact with ceramic rollers at all times. This causes distortion known as rollerwave which is generally noticed through reflection. Table 5 gives the rollerwave limits for toughened glass products.

| Float<br>glass<br>nominal<br>thickness | Rollerwave<br>maximum<br>(mm) |
|--|-------------------------------|
| 3,4 & 5                                | 0.5                           |
| 6,8 & 10                               | 0.3                           |
| 12,15,19                               | 0.15                          |

**Table 5: Rollerwave Limits** 

# **Markings**

Every pane of toughened safety glass, laminate glass & heatsoaked glass will be stamped with mark that depicts the following:

- The number of the product standard & classification
- The name or trademark of the manufacturer

TuffX cannot guarantee the exact positioning of markings but do attempt to apply within the standard requirement

<sup>\*</sup>Note: These are machine bed sizes only so Igu & processing parameters should be referred to

# 4. Insulated Toughened Safety Glass Units

Maximum Area Minimum Area

4mm Standard 2.5m2\* 0.04m2

\*This applies to glass with an area of up to 2.5m2 which is under 3210mm in length

4mm Oversized 2.9m2\* N/A

Note\* the maximum production line height for manufacturing insulated glass units is 1400mm. This means that insulated units cannot be greater than this dimension in both directions

4mm Patterned glass comes in stock sheets of 1320 x 2140mm. The only obscured glass larger than this is Satin (Opaque) @ 3210 x 2250mm.

#### **Edgework**

All 4mm & 6mm glass used in Igu's will have an arrissed edge. This is not a full ground edge.

### Spacer bar thickness

6mm - 23mm in increments of 2mm (6, 8, 10, 12 upwards)

\*Maximum unit size when using 6-8mm spacer bar is 550mm x 1800mm

#### Spacer bar colour range

Aluminium: Silver, Bronze, Gold, White, Brown

Thermal TGI: Black, Grey

#### **Cut-Outs / notches in glass**

Cut outs are allowable. See Table 6 for limitations

| Pane Length     | Smallest dimension (W) | Largest Dimension (L)  |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 0mm – 1500mm    | Up to 1/3 of dimension | Up to 2/3 of dimension |
| 1500mm – 3250mm | Up to 1/3 of dimension | Up to ½ of dimension   |
| 3200mm – 4000mm | Up to 1/3 of dimension | Up to of 1/3 dimension |

Table 6. Cut out limitations

#### Thickness tolerance at edge seal

**Table 7** below shows thickness limits of Igu's for the respective glass combinations. Thickness tolerances for polished wired or wired ornamental glass are not covered within this.

|   | First Pane (Note 1 to this table) | Second Pane (Note 1 to this table)   | IGU Thickness<br>Tolerance |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Α | Annealed Glass                    | Annealed Glass   | ±1.0mm*                    |
| В | Annealed Glass                    | Toughened Glass  | ±1.5mm                     |
| С | Annealed Glass                    | Laminated Interlayered Glass (Note 2 to this table)  Thickness ≤6mm and total thickness ≤12mm  Other cases | ±1.0mm                     |
| D | Annealed Glass                    | Patterned Glass  | ±1.5mm                     |
| Е | Toughened Glass                   | Toughened Glass  | ±1.5mm                     |

Pane thicknesses are given as nominal thicknesses

Table 7: Thickness tolerance of IGU

<sup>\*</sup>This applies to glass with an area of 2.9m2 which is exceeds 3210mm in length

<sup>\*</sup>Note1 Heat toughened safety glass

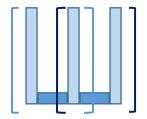
<sup>\*</sup>Note2 Laminate glass or laminate safety glass consisting of 2 annealed float glass panes (max thickness 12mm respectively) and a plastic interlayer



### Triple glazed thickness tolerance

The thickness tolerance for multiple cavities are worked out as follows

- Establish the tolerance for the separate composing formations Glass / Cavity / Glass using Table 6
- 2. Calculate the squares of these values
- 3. Add the squared values together
- 4. Work out the squared root of this sum



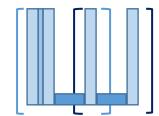


Fig1. Calculation of thickness tolerance for multi-cavity IGU

#### Stepped insulated units

The dimensional tolerances for the stepped edge overhang in insulated glass are as follows:

±3mm for stepped edges overhang up to 100mm

±4mm for stepped edges overhang up to 250mm

# Processing

### **Product range**

All glass produced for processing will be assessed at contract review for capability & stock availability.

## **Glass sizes**

The minimum and maximum sizes allowable are:

Minimum - 80mm x 250mm (1 edge will always be required to have 250mm as a minimum size) Maximum – 4000mm x 1800mm Standard tolerance for finish product size is **+1mm -2mm** 

### **Edgework**

Arrissed edge (Sharp edges removed)
Full ground edge
Full Polished edge
Full high class polished edge

Polished edges on glass may differ in appearance. Certain orders may contain shaped glass which require different machines like a CNC to manufacture as opposed to a standard straight line edging machine

### **Drilling**

Drill hole sizes: 6mm ≥ 85mm

Listed below are prescribed specifications both for general positioning of drill holes and for tolerances in respect of deviations from said positioning.

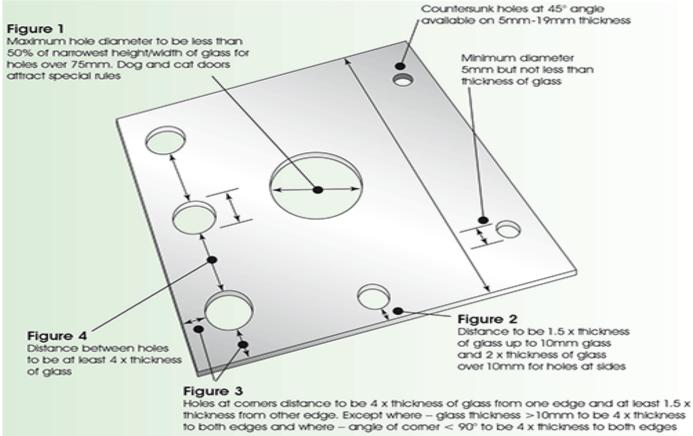
The tolerances here apply to cylindrical and conical drill holes.



#### **Hole positioning**

The drill hole positioning and tolerances are shown in Fig.2

Fig.2 Hole positioning and tolerances



# **Hole sizes**

All drill hole sizes are to be as accurate as possible with a working tolerance of ±1mm

#### **Hole positioning**

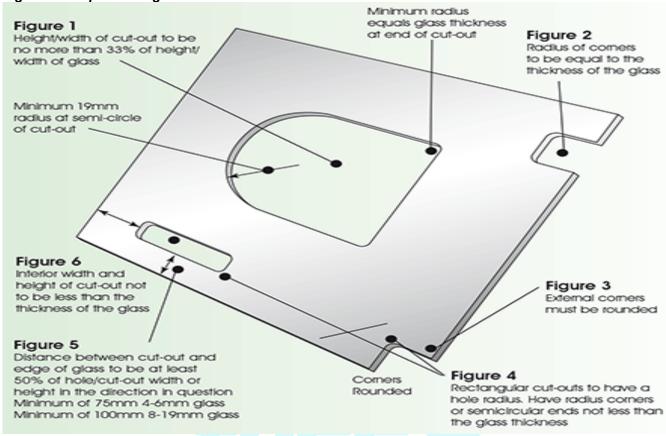
All drill holes are to be located as accurate a possible with a working tolerance of ±2mm

# Corner cut - off & Corner / edge cut - outs

Edge cut-outs & corner cut-outs must be provided with a radius (R) which is either larger than or equal to the thickness of the glass, but must measure in every case no less than 10mm. The cut out criteria is shown in *Fig.3* 

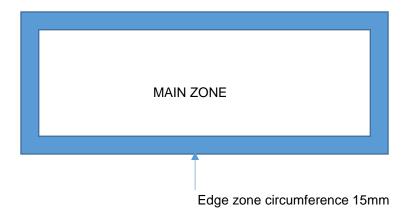
Edge cut out arrisssed tolerances are also available on **Pg. 2 Table 2** Edge cut out polished tolerances are also available on **Pg.2 Table 3** 





# 6. Screen-printing

All inspections of screen printed products are to be performed using the criteria set in the visual inspection section of this document.



<sup>\*</sup>If visible edges are requested when the order is placed then the edge zone will be omitted and the main zone will extend to the edge of the pane. Optical quality requirements are given in **Table 7 Below**All non-ground or polished edges (Arrissed) will require a 2mm scrape off tolerance on all edges to combat paint lifting

| Defect – types/ Tolerances for entirely or partial printed glass |                                |                             |  |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Type of defect   | Main Zone                      | Edge Zone                   |  |
| Defects in print punctual*                                       | Area: Max 25mm2                | Width Max 3mm, sporadically |  |
| and or linear  | Quantity: Max 3 of which none  | 5mm                         |  |
|  | ≥25mm2                         | Length: no restriction      |  |
| Hairline Scratches   | Permitted up to 10mm in        | Permitted / No restriction  |  |
| (Only visible by incident of                                     | length                         |                             |  |
| changing light)  |                                |                             |  |
| Cloudy / Misty area /  | Not permitted                  | Permitted / No restriction  |  |
| Shadowing  |                                |                             |  |
| Water Stains   | Not permitted                  | Permitted / No restriction  |  |
| Colour over-run at edges   | Not relevant                   | Permitted                   |  |
| Dimensional tolerance for  |                                |                             |  |
| edge printing and partial  |                                |                             |  |
| printing** See fig.4   |                                |                             |  |
| Print Height   | Depending on width of printing |                             |  |
|  |                                |                             |  |
| ≤100mm   | ±1.5mm                         |                             |  |
| ≤500mm   | ±2.0mm                         |                             |  |
| ≤1000mm  | ±2.5mm                         |                             |  |
| ≤2000mm  | ±3.0mm                         |                             |  |
| ≤3000mm  | ±4.0mm                         |                             |  |
| ≤4000mm  | ±5.0mm                         |                             |  |
| Position tolerance for   | ≤2000mm: ±2mm                  |                             |  |
| printing** (Only for partial                                     | ≥2000mm: ±4mm                  |                             |  |
| printing)  |                                |                             |  |

**Table 8. Defect tolerances** 

### Screen print size capabilities

Minimum Size – 1 length being no shorter than 250mm

Maximum Size – 3000 x 1600mm (Refer to toughening parameters for glass size capability)

### **Colours**

All colours are available subject to matching RAL chart codes. In the event of a colour being sought from another source, then the nearest RAL code will be selected and approved

## **Colour Variation**

In the event of an order being across paint batches, there is a possibility of shade / colour variance.

# 7. <u>Laminate Glass</u>

### Size capabilities

Minimum Size / Maximum Size (See toughening parameters)

C.I.P Interlayer thickness - 1.5mm

PVB Interlayer thickness – 1.5mm

Methods of application – Cold pour resin which is applied through a metering pump and bonded under UV light or PVB sheets which are interlayered with the glass under heated conditions. PVB must be requested by the customer when ordering as C.I.P is manufactured as standard.

### **Offset Tolerances**

Offset tolerances (d) only occur in all forms of edge finishing and edge machining possible for these products. These are listed in **Table 8** below. Width (b) & length (h) must be considered separately.

| Nominal dimensions (b) | Largest permissible offset (d) |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| B,H <1000mm            | 2.0mm                          |
| B,H < 2000mm           | 3.0mm                          |
| B,H > 2000mm           | 4.0mm                          |

Table 9. Largest permissible offset (d)

### **Tolerances for drill holes**

For <24mm element thickness ±2.0mm For >24mm element – thickness ±2.5mm

# 8. Heatsoaked Glass

# Size Capabilities

Minimum / Maximum Size *(See Toughening Parameters)*Glass thickness – 4mm – 19mm

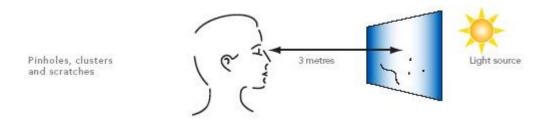
# 9. Quality

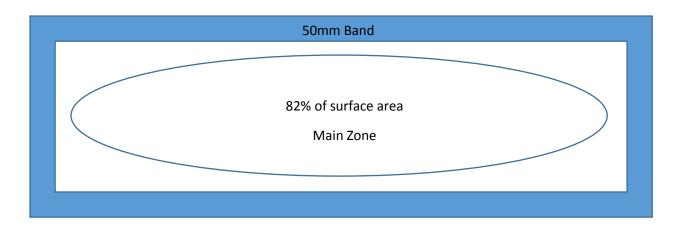
### Visual assessment

Toughened safety glass shall be deemed acceptable if the following phenomena are neither obtrusive nor bunched: hairlines or blobs; fine scratches not more than 25mm long; minute imbedded particles.

Obtrusiveness of blemishes shall be judged by looking through the glass, not at it, when standing at right angles to it on the room side at a distance of not less than 3 metres in natural daylight and not

in direct sunlight. The area to be viewed is the normal vision area with the exception of a 50mm wide band around the perimeter of the glass. Pattern ghosting can occur on glasses with a textured finish.







The IGUs / single glazing shall be viewed at near normal incidence, i.e. at right angles, to the glass surface from the room side, standing at a distance of not less than 2 metres away from the inner glass surface for annealed float glass and 3 metres away for all other glass types.

The assessment of visual quality of the panes of glass should be carried out in natural daylight but not in direct sunlight and with no visible moisture on the surface of the inner or outer glass panes.

The use of strong lamps and/or magnifying devices is not allowed.

It is not permissible to find defects at close range and then mark them so as to be visible from the given viewing distance.

As a general rule those surface coated glasses which can be toughened may exhibit different visual characteristics or a slight colour variation as a result of toughening.

#### **Quality & Manufacturing Standards**

TuffX Processed Glass Ltd is ISO9001:2015 accredited.

TuffX Processed Glass Ltd is licensed to produce glass to the following standards:

- EN 12150 1-2 Thermally toughened soda lime silicate safety glass
- EN 1279 Part 1, 5 & 6 Hermetically sealed insulated glass units
- EN12543 1-6 Laminated glass and laminated safety glass
- EN 1863 -1 Heat Strengthened Glass
- EN14179 1-2 Heatsoaked thermally toughened soda lime silicate safety glass